UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	D INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.		
10/540,454	05/24/2006	Hiroshi Abe	ABE	1418	
	7590 02/14/200 HORNBURG LLP	EXAMINER			
11 SOUTH ME	RIDIAN	NATALINI, JEFF WILLIAM			
INDIANAPOL	15, IN 46204		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2858		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			02/14/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Communication		Α	Application No. Applicant(s)						
		1	0/540,454		ABE, HIROSHI				
Office Action Summary			xaminer		Art Unit				
		JE	EFF NATALINI		2858				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	ication appear	s on the cover shee	et with the co	orrespondence ac	ddress			
A SHO WHIC - Exten after: - If NO - Failur Any n	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commo period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE of 37 CFR 1.136(a) nunication. atutory period will ap will, by statute, cau	E OF THIS COMMU. In no event, however, mapply and will expire SIX (6) se the application to become	JNICATION ay a reply be tim MONTHS from to the ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on 07 Doco	umbor 2007						
· —	,								
—	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
-	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	•						
· ·		ing in the ann	lication						
-	 ✓ Claim(s) 3-20,22 and 23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)								
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	cica.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or ele	ection requirement						
		alon ana/or cr	couon requirement						
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🔲 -	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 June 2007</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction	is required if the drav	wing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notice Notice (3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Potion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	TO-948)	Paper 5) Notice	iew Summary (· No(s)/Mail Da e of Informal Pa :					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 12/7/07 has been entered.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 7 and 8 are objected to because of the following informalities: There is no antecedent baisis for "the shield electrode" in these two claims, it seems these claims should depend from claim 23. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 3-7, 10-19, 22, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsushita (JP7-60185, disclosed in IDS).

In regard to claim 22, Matsushita discloses a capacitance detecting proximity sensor that electrostatically detects when a detection subject has come into proximity within a difference threshold (paragraph 4, of the translation disclosed),

wherein the sensor structure houses a first detection electrode and a second detection electrode are attached to a part that the detection subject comes into proximity (see figure 2, electrodes 1 and 3 are attached or are part of seat 30 or at least attached to detect, wherein both of these the person being sensed (detection subject) comes into proximity/near) and are mutually electrically independent (figure 2, electrodes are elements 1 and 3),

the environment in which the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode are disposed in the sensor structure is differentiated and configured so that when the detection subject is present in the vicinity of the difference threshold, the electrostatic environmental condition between the detection subject and the first detection electrode and the electrostatic environmental condition between the same detection subject and the second detection electrode are different (paragraph 5),

and the sensor circuit detects and outputs the difference between a capacitance to ground formed by the first detection electrode and a capacitance to ground formed by the second detection electrode (paragraph 5 and paragraph 16 with figure 1).

In regard to claim 23, Matsushita discloses all that is disclosed above in claim 22, and

wherein a shield electrode is disposed in the sensor structure so as to surround another portion of the difference threshold vicinity excluding a front side portion of the

and the second detection electrode are electrostatically shielded by the shield electrode excluding the front direction (paragraph 6 and also figure 5b; see also figure 2, to see wherein in relation the detection electrode 1 is in relation to reference electrode 3; so that the shield shown in figure 5b would also provide at least some shielding to reference electrode from the side direction).

In regard to claims 3 and 13, Matsushita discloses wherein the environment in which the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode are disposed in the sensor structure is differentiated so that the spatial distance between the detection subject in the vicinity of the difference threshold and the first detection electrode and the spatial distance between the same detection subject and the second detection electrode are different (figure 2, the distance between subject X and electrode (element 1) is different then the distance between subject X and electrode (element 3)).

In regard to claims 4 and 14, Matsushita discloses wherein the dielectric constants of a first dielectric disposed at the front side of the first detection electrode facing the detection subject and a second dielectric disposed at the front side of the second detection electrode facing the detection subject are made different, whereby the environment in which the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode are disposed in the sensor structure is differentiated (paragraph 17, second and third sentences).

In regard to claims 5 and 15, Matsushita discloses wherein the second detection electrode is disposed opposite from the front side of the first detection electrode facing

the detection subject so that the second detection electrode is hidden from the difference threshold vicinity at a rear portion of the first detection electrode (figure 2, first detection electrode (element 1) is at a front side compared to the second electrode for detection (element 3)), whereby the environment in which the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode are disposed in the sensor structure is differentiated (paragraph 17, second and third sentences).

In regard to claims 6 and 16-19, Matsushita discloses wherein the first detection electrode, the second detection electrode and the sensor structure are configured in band-like shapes (see figures 5a and figure 2).

In regard to claim 7, Matsushita discloses wherein the shield electrode is formed in a rail shape having a substantially U-shaped cross section, with the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode being housed inside the U-shaped groove (figure 5b, wherein the U-shaped electrode is element 4).

In regard to claim 10, Matsushita discloses wherein the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode are divided (see figures 1 and 2), with the shield electrode individually surrounding the divided electrodes (paragraph 6 and figure 5a and b).

In regard to claim 11, Matsushita discloses wherein the sensor circuit includes a first capacitance detection circuit that measures the capacitance to ground of the first detection electrode, a second capacitance detection circuit that measures the capacitance to ground of the second detection electrode, and a difference detection

circuit that outputs the difference between the measured outputs of these two capacitance detection circuits (paragraph 16 and figure 1).

In regard to claim 12, Matsushita discloses wherein the first and second capacitance detection circuits are switched capacitor-type capacitance detection circuits (paragraph 16, "electrostatic capacity").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita (JP7-60185) in view of Melnick (3311696).

Matsushita discloses a U-shaped shield electrode (figure 5b, element 4).

Matsushita lacks specifically wherein metal foil is disclosed on the outer side of the electrode.

Melnick discloses metal foil disposed on an electrode surface (col 5 line 16-23).

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for Matsushita to include metal foil on the outside of the u-shaped electrode as taught by Melnick in order to provide shielding to the u-shaped electrode (col 5 line 16-18).

7. Claims 9 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita (JP7-60185) in view of Schoefthaler et al. (6215318).

In regard to claims 9 and 20, Matsushita lacks wherein the first and second electrodes are formed in a comb shape having teeth and disposed wherein the comb like teeth mesh together.

Schoefthaler et al. discloses a sensor having electrode combs (col 2 line 50-54) wherein the comb like teeth mesh together (seen in figures 1 and 2).

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for Matsushita to include comb like filters wherein the teeth meshed together as taught by Schoefthaler et al. in order to produce a motion dependent change in capacitance (col 2 line 52-54).

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 12/7/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In regard to claim 22, applicant has argued that Matsushita does not have wherein "the two electrodes are attached to a part with which the detection subject comes into proximity", the examiner must interpret this in the broadest reasonable interpretation. Proximity is not a specific term and it only means coming close/near. In the case of Matsushita the electrodes are underneath or part of the seat which the person comes into contact with, also you can say in figure 3 elements 1, 2, and 3 make up the detector which the person comes near to and therefore is in proximity to the whole device.

As to claim 23, the applicant admits that element 1 has a shield electrode, but is stating that both electrodes 1 and 3 in Matsushita do not have a shield electrode. Figure 5b sows specifically the shield electrode-4 shielding detection electrode 1. In looking at figure 1, the two electrodes 1 and 3 are lined up very close together, and the shielding electrode when shielding electrode 1, would also broadly be shielding at the very least the left side of electrode 3.

Because claims 22 and 23 are properly rejected dependant claims 3-20 remain rejected.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JEFF NATALINI whose telephone number is (571)272-2266. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Hirshfeld can be reached on 571-272-2168. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jeff Natalini/ Examiner, Art Unit 2858

/ANDREW H HIRSHFELD/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2858